| 1 | Role of membrane fouling substances on the rejection of | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | N-nitrosamines by reverse osmosis | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 3 | Takahiro Fujioka ^{1,*} , Hitoshi Kodamatani ² , Hidenobu Aizawa ³ , | | | | |
| 4 | Stephen Gray ⁴ , Kenneth P. Ishida ⁵ , Long D. Nghiem ⁶ | | | | |
| 5 | ¹ Water and Environmental Engineering, Graduate School of Engineering, Nagasaki | | | | |
| 6 | University, 1-14 Bunkyo-machi, Nagasaki 852-8521, Japan | | | | |
| 7 | ² Division of Earth and Environmental Science, Graduate School of Science and Engineering, | | | | |
| 8 | Kagoshima University, 1-21-35 Korimoto, Kagoshima 890-0065, Japan | | | | |
| 9 | ³ National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, 16-1 Onogawa, Tsukuba, | | | | |
| 10 | Ibaraki 305-8569 Japan | | | | |
| 11 | ⁴ Institute for Sustainability and Innovation, Victoria University, Hoppers Ln, Werribee VIC | | | | |
| 12 | 3030, Australia | | | | |
| 13 | ⁵ Research & Development Department, Orange County Water District, 18700 Ward Street, | | | | |
| 14 | Fountain Valley, CA 92708, USA | | | | |
| 15 | ⁶ Strategic Water Infrastructure Laboratory, School of Civil Mining and Environmental | | | | |
| 16 | Engineering, The University of Wollongong, NSW 2522, Australia | | | | |

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

^{19 *} Corresponding author: Takahiro Fujioka, Email: tfujioka@nagasaki-u.ac.jp, Ph +81 095 819 2695

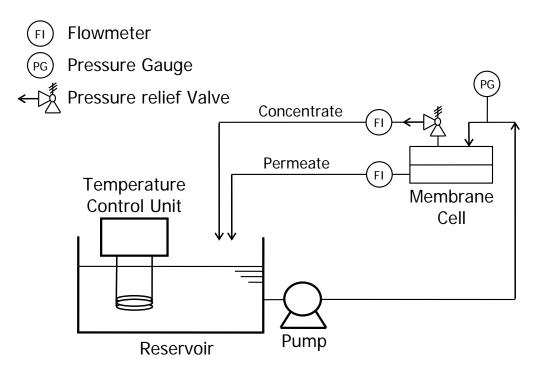


Fig. S1 – Schematic diagram of the cross-flow RO filtration system.

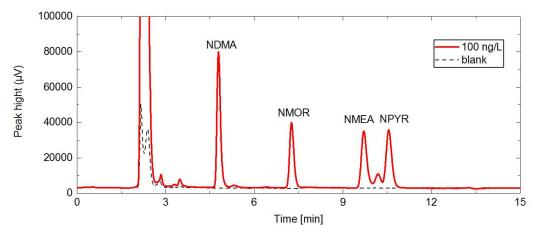


Fig. S2 – HPLC-PR-CL chromatogram of NDMA, NMOR, NMEA and NPYR.

| Chemical | Injection | Peak height of 50 ng/L dose $[\mu V]$ | | Recovery [%] |
|----------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | volume [µL] | Secondary wastewater effluent | Clean water matrix | |
| NDMA | 200 | 25526 | 38820 | 66 |
| | 20 | 4352 | 4537 | 96 |
| NMEA | 200 | 14545 | 16709 | 87 |
| | 20 | 1802 | 1847 | 98 |
| NPYR | 200 | 15297 | 16994 | 90 |
| | 20 | 1827 | 1911 | 96 |
| NMOR | 200 | 16733 | 19026 | 88 |
| | 20 | 2163 | 2049 | 106 |

Table S3 – HPLC-PR-CL peak height and recovery for each *N*-nitrosamine. *N*-nitrosamines were not detected in the secondary wastewater effluent sample prior to spiking of NDMA into the wastewater samples.

| Fraction | Molecular weight range | Properties | Description |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| Biopolymers | > 20,000 Da | Hydrophilic, Not UV-absorbable | Polysaccharides and proteins |
| Humics | ~1,000 Da | Hydrophobic, UV-absorbable | Calibration based on humic acid and fulvic acids of Suwannee River standards from IHSS. |
| Building blocks | 350–500 Da | UV-absorbable | Breakdown products of humics. |
| Low molecular weight acids | < 350 Da | Negatively charged at neutral pH, Aliphatic | All aliphatic low molecular mass organic acids, Small amount of humics |
| Low molecular weight neutrals | < 350 Da | Weakly charged, hydrophilic or slightly hydrophobic (i.e. amphiphilic) | Alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, amino acids, biogenic organic matter |

 Table S4 – Description of LC-OCD fractions.

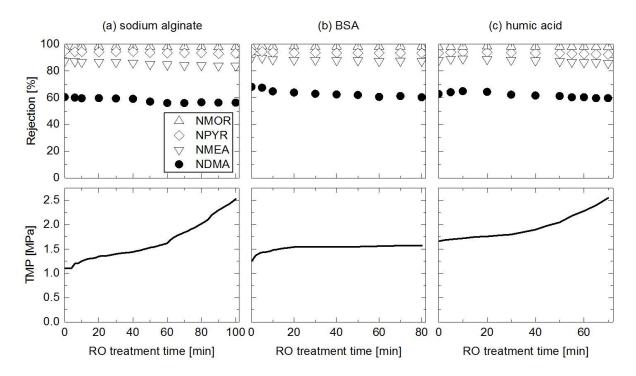


Fig. S5 – Changes in *N*-nitrosamine rejection and TMP during RO treatment of solutions containing (a) 50 mg/L of sodium alginate, (b) 100 mg/L of BSA and (c) 50 mg/L of humic acid with ESPA2 membrane (20 mM NaCl, 1 mM NaHCO₃, 1 mM CaCl₂, feed temperature $= 20.0 \pm 0.1$ °C, permeate flux = (a)–(b) 60 L/m²h and (c) 80 L/m²h).

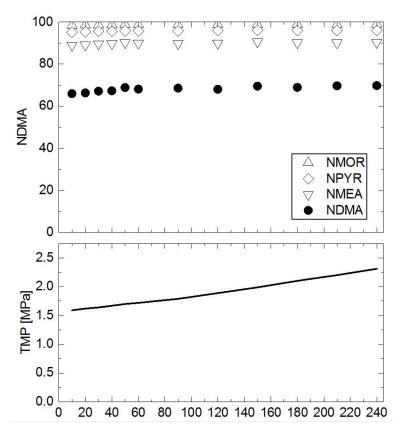


Fig. S6 – Changes in *N*-nitrosamine rejection and TMP during RO treatment of solutions containing 20 mg/L of Pahokee Peat fulvic acid with ESPA2 membrane (20 mM NaCl, 1 mM NaHCO₃, 1 mM CaCl₂, feed temperature = 20.0 ± 0.1 °C, permeate flux = $80 \text{ L/m}^2\text{h}$).

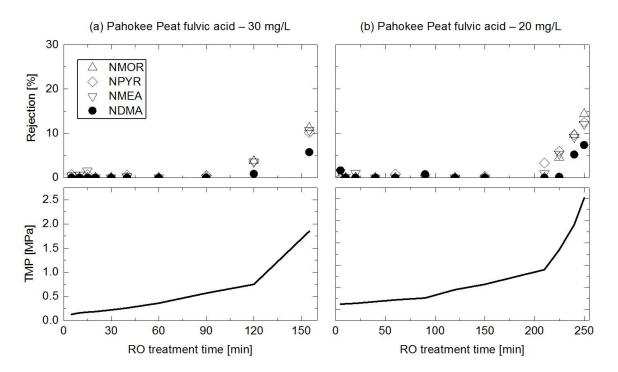


Fig. S7 – Changes in *N*-nitrosamine rejection and TMP during NF treatment of solutions containing (a) 30 mg/L and (b) 20 mg/L of Pahokee Peat fulvic acid with ESPA1-LF membrane (20 mM NaCl, 1 mM NaHCO₃, 1 mM CaCl₂, feed temperature = 20.0 ± 0.1 °C, permeate flux = $120 \text{ L/m}^2\text{h}$).

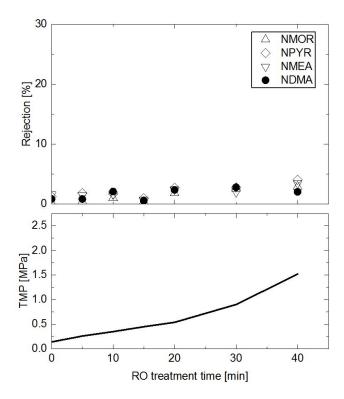


Fig. S8 – Changes in *N*-nitrosamine rejection and TMP during NF treatment of solutions containing 50 mg/L of humic acid with ESPA1-LF membrane (20 mM NaCl, 1 mM NaHCO₃, 1 mM CaCl₂, feed temperature = 20.0 ± 0.1 °C, permeate flux = $120 \text{ L/m}^2\text{h}$).